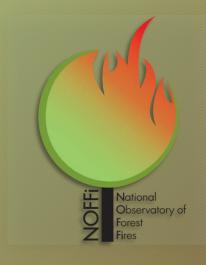
The Greek National Observatory of Forest Fires

Development of services and their promotion in the Balkan region



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National Observatory Of Forest Fires

An initiative to establish an observatory of forest fires in Greece.

NOFFi aims:

- to develop products and services related to the prevention and impact assessment of forest fires in order to assist forest fire management.
- to promote the transboundary cooperation with neighboring Balkan countries through common innovative services.





National Observatory Of Forest Fires

Services to be developed under NOFFi:

- 1. A fuel type mapping methodology
- 2. A burned area mapping service
- 3. A mid-term forest fire danger index
- 4. A web-based GIS platform





Implementation agencies - Financing

Supervision: Ministry of Environment and Energy

Laboratory of Forest Management and

Cooperation: Remote Sensing, AUTh

Interbalkan Environment Center

Financing: Green Fund

Start date: March 2014

Duration: 42 months





Fuel type mapping

Up-to-date mapping methodology

- Mixed approach mainly based on the analysis of satellite imagery; use of existing maps (LPIS-ILOTS, official forest density) as ancillary data
- Capability to easily update the final fuel-type map (depends on image availability - no real problem these days)
- Typical fuel type classification scheme
- The product is easily comparable with other fuel type mapping products such as the JRC FUELMAP and ArcFUEL
- **Descriptive criteria** can be easily added to discriminate specific classes (sub-urban forests, riparian vegetation etc.)





Fuel type mapping

Basic elements of the developed methodology:

- Winter and summer Landsat 8 OLI images acquired during 2014-15
- Object-based classification approach
- Accuracy assessment based on the LUCAS 2013 survey



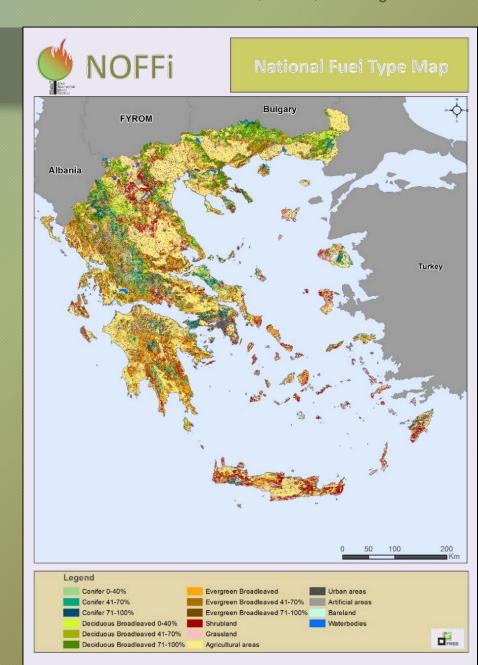




Fuel type mapping

Main points:

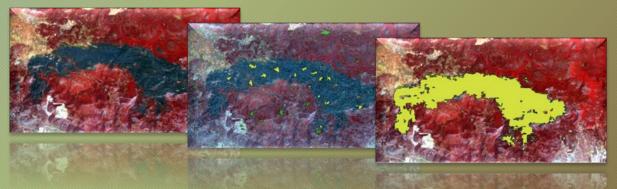
- The final product found to be very accurate (OA equal to 92.59% compared to 7626 LUCAS points)
- The product can be easily updated in order to take into account changes due to the following:
 - Wildfires
 - Afforestation of abandoned agricultural areas
 - Deforestation, clearances etc.
- The methodology could be used in other countries of the region for which similar ancillary data are available





Burned area mapping service (NOFFi - OBAM)

- Advanced methodology with primary focus on the use of high resolution freely distributed satellite data, providing burned area maps of very high accuracy
- Innovative application using Sentinel-2 data for operational burned area mapping at national level (fire season 2016, Greece)
- Implemented as a QGIS plugin with the following design principles:
 - ✓ Minimize user interaction → highest possible automation of the process
 - ✓ Accurate mapping → support official burn perimeter declaration process which is typically done after a fire event by the Forest Service







Burned area mapping service (NOFFi - OBAM)

Basic steps of NOFFI-OBAM:

- Image pre-processing (radiometric calibration, additional spectral features derivation, etc.)
- Segmentation (Mean-Shift algorithm)
- Intelligent automated training pattern selection: Labeling by the user
- Advanced pattern recognition techniques for classification (FuzCoC feature and SVM classification)
- Burned area delineation

Most processes are automated → Requires a user interaction of approx. 30 minutes

Dragozi, E., Gitas, I. Z., Stavrakoudis, D.G., Theocharis, J.B. 2014. Burned Area Mapping Using Support Vector Machines and the FuzCoC Feature Selection Method on VHR IKONOS Imagery, Remote sensing 6(12), pp. 12005-12036.

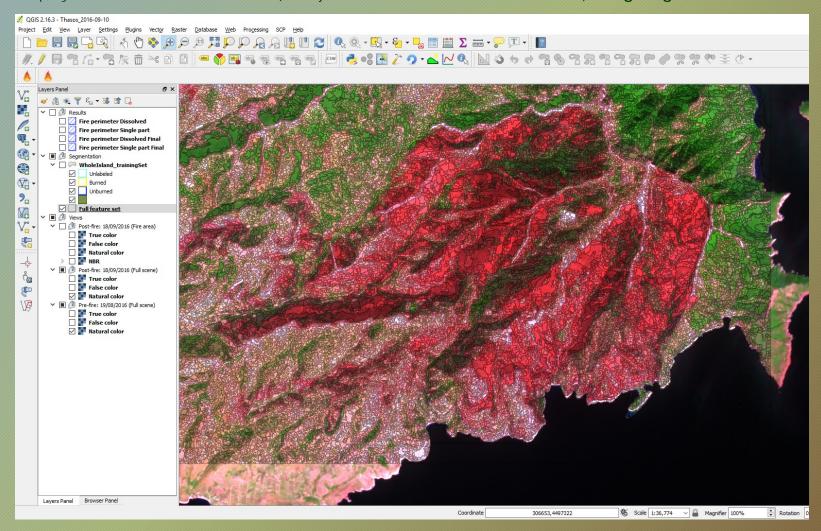
Dragozi, E., Gitas, I. Z., Stavrakoudis, D. G., Theocharis, J. B. (2014). An Examination of the Effect of IKONOS Pan-Sharpening in Burned Area Mapping Accuracy, in Proc. 5th Geographic Object-Based Image Analysis Conference (GEOBIA 2014), Thessaloniki, Greece, May 21-24.

Dragozi, E., Gitas, I. Z., Stavrakoudis, D.G., Theocharis, J.B. 2012. Burned area mapping using very high resolution IKONOS imagery and Support Vector Machines, in Proc. NASA Science Meeting, GOFC-GOLD and NEESPI Workshop and Regional Conference, Yoshkar-Ola, Russia, 17-22 June. pp: 6 – 14.





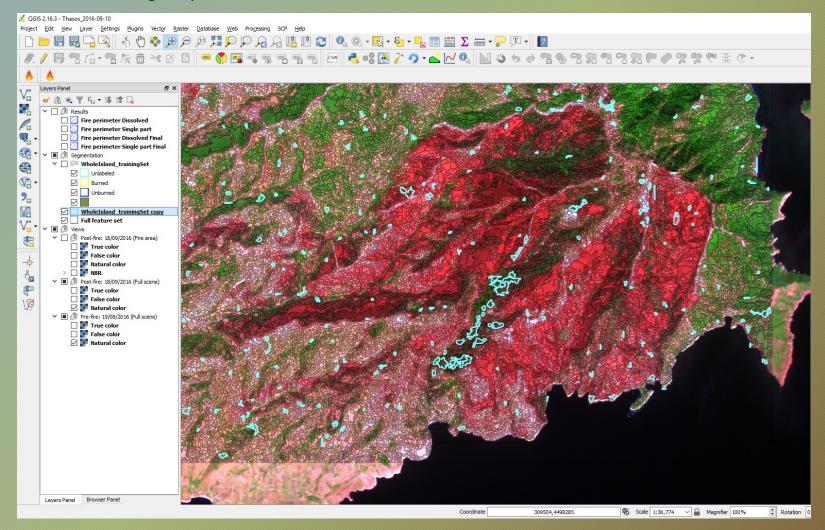
Employment of the service in Thasos (a major fire incident in the summer of 2016): Image segmentation







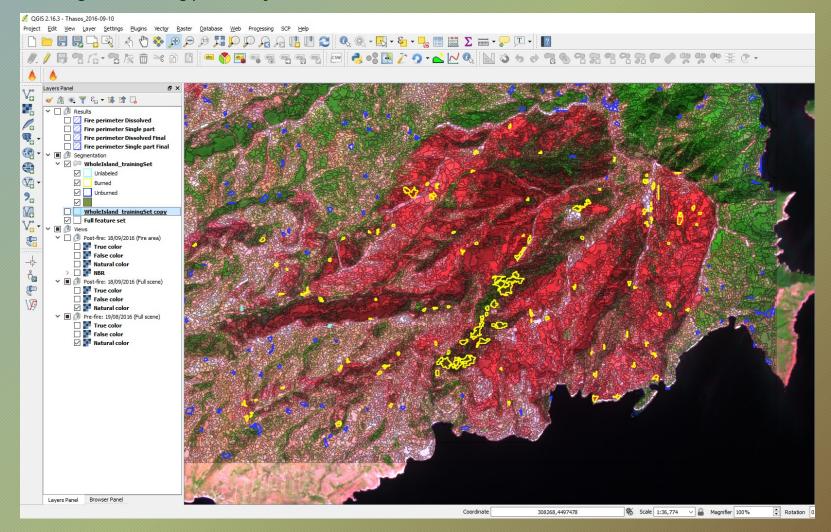
Automated training sample selection







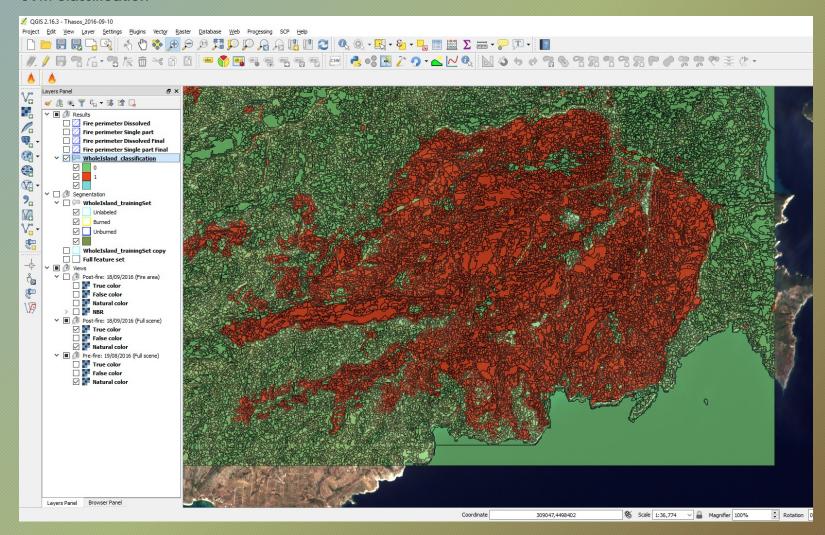
Labelling of the training patterns by the user







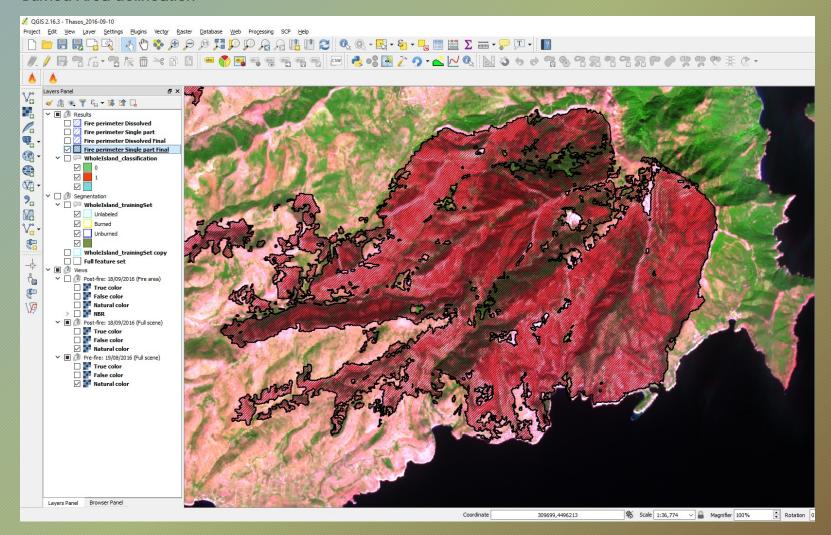
SVM classification







Burned Area delineation







NOFFi-OBAM was operationally employed during the 2016 fire season, mapping 34 large fires using Sentinel-2 imagery

- ➤ Results demonstrate the effectiveness of the developed methodology/service in all cases including complex landscapes (sparse low vegetation, agricultural fields, etc.) and burn scars with complex spatial patterns.
- Immediate future work new developments:
 - fully automated Sentinel-2 image downloading and preprocessing,
 - use of MODIS for hot-spot identification and approximate perimeter delineation,
 - automated cloud and shadow screening (Fmask algorithm for Sentinel-2)

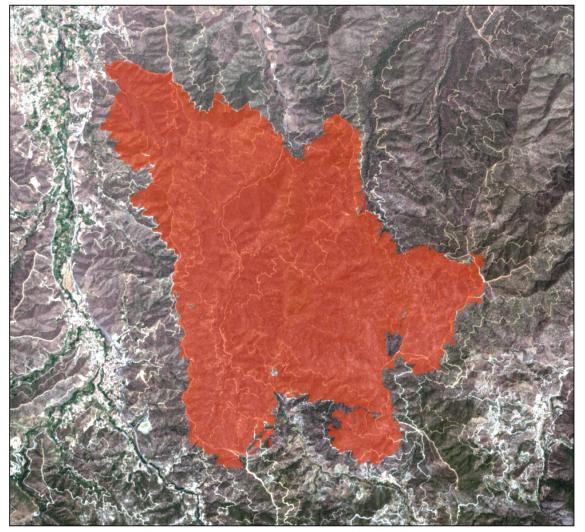




- ☐ During the 2016 fire season the results were **provided** to the following users:
 - the General Secretariat for Civil Protection,
 - the Central Forest Service,
 - the Fire Service,
 - local Forest Service departments and
 - other stakeholders (WWF-Hellas, NGOs)
- □ Examples of collaboration with neighbouring countries:
 - The service was used in Cyprus for the mapping of two major wildfires (Soleas and Agraka) in collaboration with CUT
 - Mapping of a large fire that started in fYROM and crossed the borders with Greece
- □ Ongoing collaboration with the EFFIS team for comparison and evaluation.









SOLEAS - CYPRUS

Fire Incident 19.06.2016

Scale 1:20.000





Sentinel-2 satellite image (10m) Acquisition date 28.06.2016

Burned area (1868.20 ha)

Cartographic information:





Projected Coordinate System: UTM Zone 34 North, Datum: WGS 84

This mapping has been produced in the context of the research project "National Observatory of Forest Fires – NOFFI", which is being developed by the Laboratory of Forest Management and Remote Sensing of AUTh in collaboration with the Directorate General for the Development and Protection of Forests and Rural Environment of the Hellenic Ministry of Environment and Energy.









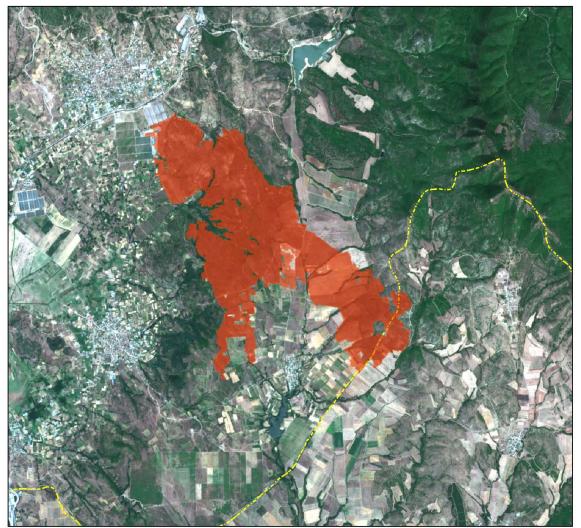




It should be stressed out that the burned area perimeter delineated using satellite imagery by the NOFF+0BAM service represents an estimation of the true burned area –valid for the date and time of the satellite image acquisition– and cannot in any case substitute the official affected area perimeter defined by the public authorities legally responsible for that task.









FYROM / GREECE

Fire Incident 04.08.2016

Scale 1:20.000





Sentinel-2 satellite image (10m) Acquisition date 12.08.2016

Burned area (880.63 ha)

Cartographic information:





Projected Coordinate System: UTM Zone 34 North, Datum: WGS 84

This mapping has been produced in the context of the research project "National Observatory of Forest First – NOFFI", which is being developed by the Laboratory of Forest Management and Remote Sensing of AUTh in collaboration with the Directorate General for the Development and Protection of Forests and Rural Environment of the Helleine Ministry of Environment and Energy.









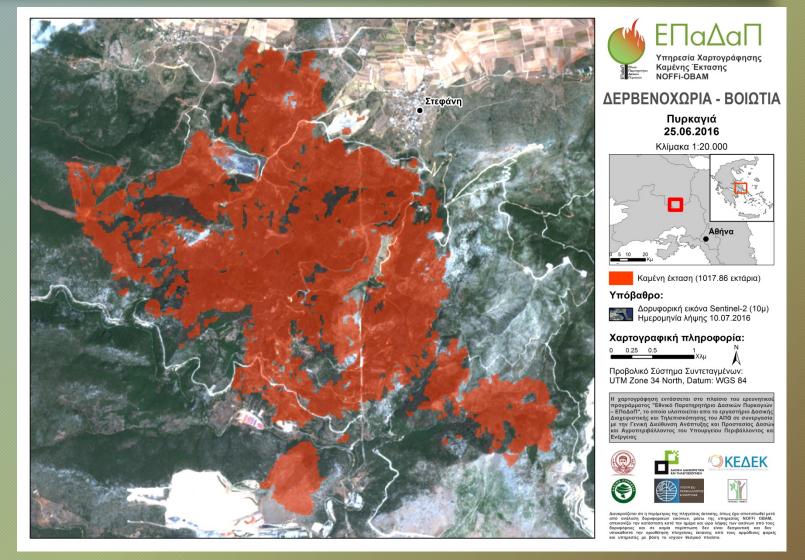




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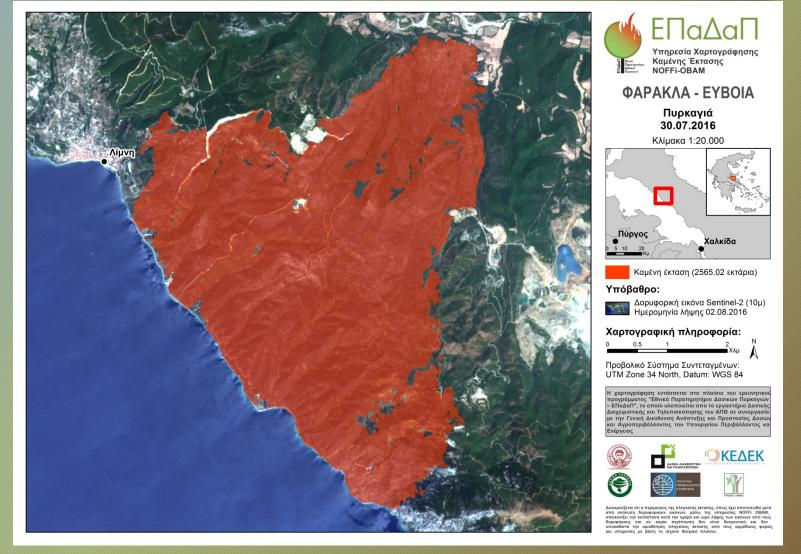






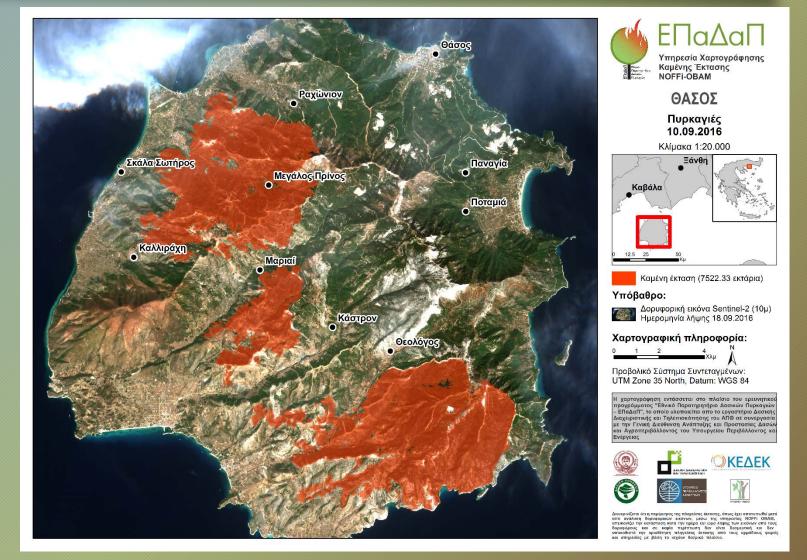
















Mid-term fire danger index

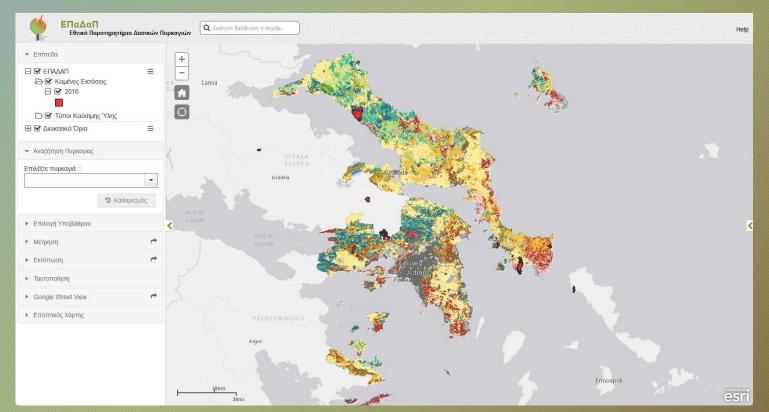
- (Under development)
- Dynamically updated mid-term fire danger estimations (8 days ahead)
- Solely based on remotely sensed data (Ts, NDVI, etc.)
- Close collaboration with European entities that developed similar products (PREFER FP7 project)





Web - based GIS platform

- Instant access to NOFFi products
- Public Participation GIS tool (PPGIS)
- More information: http://epadap.web.auth.gr/







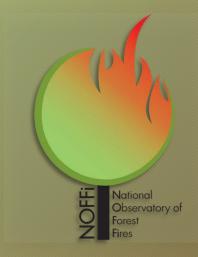
Transboundary cooperation

- ☐ The Interbalkan Environment Centre (i-BEC) network is used for the promotion of the products and services to neighboring Balkan countries as well as for knowledge transfer to regional and national stakeholders.
- NOFFi envisions the establishment of an inter-Balkan network for collaborative forest fire management, through:
 - the development of compatible products and services for fire prevention in the Balkan region,
 - assistance in designing cross-border impact mitigation measures,
 - communication between the relevant national authorities in protecting the common forest resources



ForestSAT 2016, GOFC-GOLD Fire IT Meeting 17 November, 2016, Santiago - Chile





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